Application: Staining and identification of bonegenerating and bone-resorbing cells

TRACP & ALP Double-Stain Kit (Cat.# MK300)

The TRACP & ALP Double-Stain Kit simplifies the staining and identification of bone-generating and bone-resorbing cells.

Chromogenic substrates for alkaline phosphatase (ALP, an enzyme marker of osteoblasts) and tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase (TRACP, an enzyme marker of osteoclasts) are combined with a reagent for nuclear staining that enables multinucleated osteoclasts to be visualized clearly and directly. Bone metabolism involves a balance between bone formation by osteoblasts and bone absorption by osteoclasts. Simultaneous detection of these two cell-specific enzyme markers is accomplished with ease using these premixed reagents and greatly simplifies the study of bone-related cell differentiation.

Application Examples

Example 1:

Bone marrow cells collected from a 16-week-old JW rabbit (male) were cultured in the presence of M-CSF and active vitamin D_3 for six days prior to being stained for TRACP activity (Fig. 1).

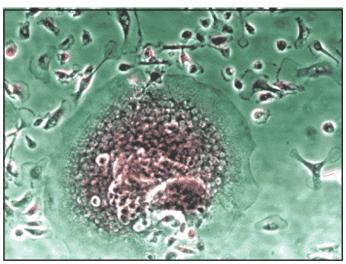


Figure 1. TRACP activity staining in cultured rabbit bone marrow cells.

Example 2:

Bone marrow cells collected from 24-day-old female SD rats were cultured in the presence of M-CSF and active vitamin D_3 for ten days prior to being stained for ALP activity (Fig. 2).

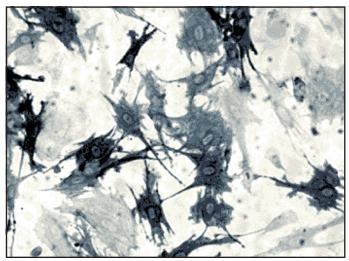


Figure 2. ALP activity staining in cultured rat bone marrow cells.

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Example 3:

Human bone marrow mononuclear cells (Cambrex) were cultured in the presence of differentiation agents for nine days prior to being stained for TRACP and ALP activities (Fig. 3).

Example 4:

Rat bone marrow cells were allowed to differentiate for 12 days in the presence of M-CSF and active vitamin D₃ prior to being double-stained for TRACP and ALP activities (Fig. 4).

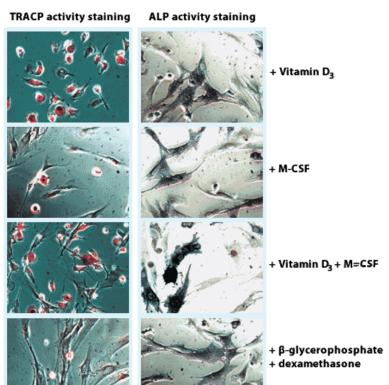


Figure 4. Rat bone marrow cells double-stained for TRACP and ALP activities.

Figure 3. Human bone marrow cells stained for TRACP and ALP activities.