

For Research Use

TakaRa

PrimeScript[™] RT reagent Kit with gDNA Eraser (Perfect Real Time)

Product Manual

v201204Da_2



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I. Description

In order to perform gene expression analysis accurately, it is necessary to detect cDNA in samples without contaminating genomic DNA. By designing primers on exon regions spanning introns, it is possible in many cases to avoid amplification derived from genomic DNA. However, there may be cases where a suitable primer cannot be designed, as with a gene with a single exon or a gene without a long intron. In addition, it may be difficult to avoid unexpected amplification from genomic DNA due to the existence of a pseudo-gene or non-specific amplification. RNA samples may be pretreated with DNase I, but this treatment involves deactivating and eliminating DNase I, which may lead to degradation or loss of RNA.

PrimeScript RT reagent Kit with gDNA Eraser is a reverse-transcription kit for real-time RT-PCR (RT-qPCR) that includes a genomic DNA elimination reaction. cDNA synthesis from RNA can be achieved without loss in a rapid reaction that is complete in less than 20 minutes. Genomic DNA is eliminated by treatment for 2 minutes at 42°C with gDNA Eraser, which has potent DNA degrading activity. Then a reverse-transcription reaction reagent is added that includes a component that completely inhibits DNA degradation activity, and the reverse-transcription reaction reaction proceeds for 15 minutes.

The cDNA obtained using this product can be used with either SYBR[®] Green or TaqMan[®] Probe assays. Please use in combination with quantitative PCR reagents such as SYBR[®] *Premix Ex Taq* II (Tli RNaseH Plus) and *Premix Ex Taq* (Probe qPCR).

[Note] TAKARA BIO is under a license agreement with Molecular Probes Inc. for the use of SYBR® Green I as a reagent for research purposes. SYBR® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes Inc.

II. Kit Components (for $10 \times 20 \mu$ l reactions)

1.	gDNA Eraser	10 µl
2.	5X gDNA Eraser Buffer *1	20 µl
3.	PrimeScript RT Enzyme Mix I *2	10 µ l
4.	5X PrimeScript Buffer 2 (for Real Time) *3	40 µl
5.	RT Primer Mix *4	40 µl
6.	RNase Free dH ₂ O	1 ml
7.	EASY Dilution (for Real Time PCR) $*^5$	1 ml

- * 1: Because 5X gDNA Eraser Buffer is needed for the subsequent reverse-transcription reaction, please be sure to perform the genomic DNA elimination reaction.
- * 2: Contains RNase inhibitor.
- * 3: Contains dNTP mixture.
- * 4: Contains Oligo dT Primer and Random 6 mers.
- * 5: To be used when producing serial dilutions of total RNA and cDNA. EASY Dilution makes it possible to obtain a precise dilution down to very low concentrations. Moreover, this solution will not affect reverse-transcription and PCR reactivity. You can use the diluted template solution directly in reversetranscription and PCR reactions.

EASY Dilution (for Real Time PCR) may also be purchased separately (Cat. #9160).

[Note] Please use EASY Dilution in combination with Takara Bio's Real-Time PCR Reagents. Compatibility with products from other manufacturers has not yet been verified.



- Thermal cycler
- (or 37℃ water bath, 42℃ water bath and 85℃ heat block)
- 0.2 ml and 1.5 ml microtubes (for reverse-transcription reaction)
- Micropipettes and tips (autoclaved)
- IV. Storage -20°C

V. Features

- (1) With gDNA Eraser, you can eliminate genomic DNA in just 2 minutes.
- (2) Template cDNA for real-time PCR can be efficiently synthesized in just 15 minutes. This kit is best suited for 2 step RT-PCR.
- (3) All regions of RNA can be uniformly synthesized when an RT Primer Mix combining Random 6 mers and Oligo dT Primer is used as the primer for reverse transcription.
- (4) Protocols are prepared for use with the SYBR[®] Green and TaqMan[®] probe assays. Please select the protocol based on the assay method to be used for real-time PCR.

There are the following differences between the protocols for SYBR[®] Green qPCR assay and TaqMan[®] probe qPCR assay.

- Amount of RT Primer Mix used in reverse-transcription reaction
- Amount of total RNA capable of using in reverse-transcription reaction
- (5) A standard curve must be generated for the quantification of real-time RT-PCR. To generate a standard curve, it is important to dilute the total RNA and reversetranscribed cDNA precisely to low concentrations. However, dilution with water or TE buffer can narrow the range of the curve due to template instability at low concentrations. Using EASY Dilution (for Real-Time PCR) results in more accurate measurements at low template concentrations, facilitating the creation of a broadrange standard curve.

VI. Precautions for Use

Read these precautions before use and follow them when using this product.

- (1) Prepare sufficient Master Mix (mixture of RNase Free dH₂O, buffer, and enzyme) for up to 10 reactions to minimize reagent loss due to pipetting. Minimizing the number of times kit reagents are dispensed will result in more accurate dispensing and less variation in experimental data.
- (2) Briefly centrifuge gDNA Eraser and PrimeScript RT Enzyme Mix I before use and allow the reagent to settle to the bottom of the tube. Pipette the enzyme slowly and carefully, since it is in 50% glycerol solution and high in viscosity.
- (3) Vortex the 5X gDNA Eraser Buffer and 5X PrimeScript Buffer 2 (for Real Time) well and centrifuge briefly before use.
- (4) When dispensing the reagent, be sure to use a new disposable tip to avoid contamination between samples.



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VII. Protocol

1. Genomic DNA elimination reaction

Prepare the genomic DNA elimination reaction solution on ice.

Prepare a master mix for components other than the RNA sample in a volume sufficient for the number of reactions plus 2. Dispense an appropriate volume of master mix (total volume minus total RNA volume) into a microtube and then add the RNA sample.

<per reaction=""></per>	
Reagent	Amount
5X gDNA Eraser Buffer	2.0 µl
gDNA Eraser	1.0 µl
total RNA	*1
RNase Free dH ₂ O	
Total	10.0 µl

42°C 2 min. (or room temperature, 5 min.) $*^2$

Store at 4℃

- * 1: Up to $1 \mu g$ of total RNA for SYBR[®] Green qPCR assay and up to $2 \mu g$ of total RNA for TaqMan[®] Probe qPCR assay can be used in a 20 μ l reverse-transcription reaction.
- * 2: If the reaction is to take place at room temperature, then allow the reaction to go for about 30 minutes.

2. Reverse-transcription reaction

Prepare the reverse-transcription reaction solution on ice.

Prepare a master mix in a sufficient volume for the number of reactions plus 2. The master mix should contain all components except the genomic DNA elimination reaction solution. Add 10 μ l of master mix to the reaction solution*³ from step 1 and then mix gently. Proceed immediately with the reverse-transcription reaction.

[for SYBR[®] Green qPCR assay]

<per reaction=""></per>			
Reagent	Amount		
Reaction solution from Step 1	10.0 µl		
5X PrimeScript Buffer 2 (for Real Time)	4.0 µl		
PrimeScript RT Enzyme Mix I	1.0 µl	Master mix	
RT Primer Mix ^{*4}	<u>1.0 µl</u>	10 µl	
RNase Free dH ₂ O	4.0 µI		
Total	20.0 µl *5		
\downarrow			
37℃ 15 min. ^{*6}			
85℃ 5 sec.			
Store at 4℃ * ⁷			

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[for TaqMan[®] Probe qPCR assay]

<per reaction=""></per>			
Reagent	Amount		
Reaction solution from Step 1	10.0 μΙ 4.0 μΙ 🦳		
5X PrimeScript Buffer 2 (for Real Time)			
PrimeScript RT Enzyme Mix I	1.0 µl	Master mix	
RT Primer Mix *4	<u>4.0 µl</u>	10 µl	
RNase Free dH ₂ O	1.0 µl		
Total	20.0 µl *5		
\downarrow			
37℃ 15 min. ^{*6}			
85℃ 5 sec.			
Store at 4°C *7			

- * 3: When adding reagents individually (instead of preparing a master mix), add RNase Free dH₂O and 5X PrimeScript Buffer 2 (for Real Time) to the reaction solution from Step 1 first and mix. Add RT Primer Mix and PrimeScript RT Enzyme Mix after the activity of gDNA Eraser has been completely inhibited. Gently mix the reaction solution and then perform the reverse-transcription reaction.
- * 4: If RT Primer Mix is used, cDNA can be synthesized efficiently along the full length of mRNA. It is also possible to use an Oligo dT primer and Gene Specific Primer that have been prepared separately. Use the following amount of each primer.

Oligo dT primer	50 pmol/20 μ l reaction system
Gene Specific Primer	5 pmol/20 μ l reaction system

- * 5: The scale of the reverse-transcription reaction can be increased as necessary.
- * 6: When Gene Specific Primer is used, please allow the reverse-transcription reaction to proceed at 42°C for 15 minutes. If non-specific amplification occurs in PCR, improvement may be achieved by changing the reversetranscription temperature to 50°C.
- * 7: When storing the cDNA synthesis product for long periods of time, please store at or below -20 $^{\circ}$ C.

Note:

- The RT Primer Mix volume in the RT reaction for SYBR[®] Green qPCR assay is 1 μ I, while the RT Primer Mix volume in the RT reaction for TaqMan[®] Probe qPCR assay is 4 μ I.
- If the reverse-transcription reaction solution is to be introduced to a realtime PCR system, the reverse-transcription reaction solution volume should correspond to 10% or less of the PCR reaction solution volume.

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VIII. Real-Time PCR

The following protocol is for real-time PCR using SYBR[®] *Premix Ex Taq* II (Tli RNaseH Plus) (Cat. #RR820A/B). The RT reaction solution is prepared using this kit (see Section VII).

If real-time PCR is to be performed with TaqMan[®] probe detection, please use *Premix Ex Taq* (Probe qPCR) (Cat. #RR390A/B).

< Method using Thermal Cycler Dice Real Time System >

1. Prepare the PCR reaction mixture shown below.

<per reaction=""></per>		
Reagent	Amount	Final conc.
SYBR [®] Premix Ex Taq II (Tli RNaseH Plus) (2X)	12.5 µl	1X
PCR Forward Primer (10 μ M)	1.0 µl	0.4 μ M * ¹
PCR Reverse Primer (10 μ M)	1.0 µl	0.4 μ M*1
RT reaction solution (cDNA)	2.0 µl	*2
dH ₂ O (sterilized distilled water)	8.5 µl	
Total	25 µl	

- * 1: Good results are mostly obtained with a final primer concentration of 0.4 μ M, but when there is a problem with reactivity, it is best to consider an optimal concentration in the range of 0.2 1.0 μ M.
- * 2: It is preferable to use a quantity of cDNA corresponding to 10 pg 100 ng of total RNA template. In addition, the volume of RT reaction solution should correspond to 10% or less of the PCR reaction solution volume.
- 2. Start the reaction.

Shuttle PCR standard protocol (below) is recommended. Try this protocol first, and optimize the reaction condition if needed. When the shuttle protocol is difficult due to a primer with low T_m value, etc., try a 3 step PCR protocol.

- [Note] TaKaRa Ex Taq HS is a hot start PCR enzyme with an anti-Taq antibody that inhibits polymerase activity. The initial denaturation step prior to PCR should be at 95 °C for 30 sec. Enzyme activity decreases with longer heat treatment and the amplification efficiency and quantification accuracy can be affected.
 - Even for the initial template denaturation before PCR, 95°C for 30 sec. is generally sufficient.

Pattern	Hold	2 Step PCR		Dissociation			
Segment	1	1	2	1	2	3	Hold
50							 (initial denaturation) Cycle : 1 95°C 30 sec. 2 Step PCR Cycle : 40 95°C 5 sec.
Oycle	1	4	0		1		60 C 30 - 60 sec.
Temperature (deg)	95.0	95.0	60.0	95.0	60.0	95.0	Discociation
Hold Time (mm:ss)	00:30	00:05	00:30	00:15	00:30	00:15	DISSOCIATION
Data Collection			Image: A start and a start				

Figure 1. Shuttle PCR standard protocol

 After the reaction is complete, check the amplification and melting curves and plot a standard curve if a quantitative assay will be performed.
 When using Thermal Cycler Dice Real Time System, please refer to its instruction manual for analytical methods.

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< Method using Applied Biosystems 7300/7500 Real-Time PCR System >

- * Please follow the manual for each model (Life Technologies).
 - 1. Prepare the PCR reaction mixture shown below.

<per reaction=""></per>			
Reagent	Amount	Amount	Final conc.
SYBR [®] Premix Ex Taq II (Tli RNaseH Plus) (2X)	10 µl	25 µl	1X
PCR Forward Primer (10 μ M)	0.8 µl	2 µI	0.4 μ M *1
PCR Reverse Primer (10 μ M)	0.8 µl	2 µI	0.4 μ M *1
ROX Reference Dye or Dye II (50X) $*^3$	0.4 µl	1 µl	1X
RT reaction solution (cDNA solution)	2 µI	4 µI	*2
dH ₂ O (sterilized distilled water)	6 µl	16 µl	
Total	20 µl *4	50 µl *4	

* 1: Good results are mostly obtained with a final primer concentration of 0.4 μ M, but when there is a problem with reactivity, it is best to consider an optimal concentration in the range of 0.2 - 1.0 μ M.

* 2: In a 20 μ l reaction volume, it is preferable to use a quantity of cDNA corresponding to 10 pg - 100 ng of total RNA template. In addition, the volume of RT reaction solution should correspond to 10% or less of the PCR reaction solution volume.

* 3: The concentration for ROX Reference Dye II (50X) is lower than that for ROX Reference Dye (50X). When analysis is to be performed with Applied Biosystems 7500 Real-Time PCR System, use of ROX Reference Dye II (50X) is recommended. With Applied Biosystems 7300 Real-Time PCR System, please use ROX Reference Dye (50X).

- * 4: Prepare in accordance with the recommended volume for each instrument.
- 2. Start the reaction.

Shuttle PCR standard protocol (below) is recommended. Try this protocol first, and optimize the reaction condition if needed. When the shuttle protocol is difficult due to a primer with low T_m value, etc., try a 3 step PCR protocol.

[Note]

- TaKaRa Ex Taq HS is a hot start PCR enzyme with an anti-Taq antibody that inhibits polymerase activity. The initial denaturation step prior to PCR should be at 95°C for 30 sec. Enzyme activity decreases with longer heat treatment and the amplification efficiency and quantification accuracy can be affected.
- Even for the initial template denaturation before PCR, 95 $^\circ C$ for 30 sec. is generally sufficient.

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3. After the reaction is complete, check the amplification and melting curves and plot a standard curve if a quantitative assay will be performed.

Please refer to the instruction manual for your real time PCR instrument to read about analytical methods.

IX. Experimental Examples

A. Verification of elimination of genomic DNA from total RNA sample

[Method]

After performing a genomic DNA elimination reaction with (+) and without (-) gDNA Eraser using 2 μ g total RNA isolated from Mouse Liver, the residual amount of genomic DNA in the total RNA sample was analyzed by performing the reverse-transcription reaction in the absence of RTase.

Three sets of reactions were performed for each case.

SYBR [®] Premix Ex Taq (Perfect Real Time) (Cat. #RR041A)
Reverse-transcription reaction solution, 2 μ l each
25 μΙ
Mouse <i>Rsp</i> 18
Thermal Cycler Dice Real Time System standard protocol

[Results]



gDNA Eraser (+) : Solid line gDNA Eraser (-) : Dotted line

Figure 3. Amplification curve

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B. Comparison of amount of cDNA synthesized using 2 different PrimeScript Kits

[Method]

Reverse-transcription	
Reagent:	RR047A; PrimeScript RT reagent Kit with gDNA Eraser (Perfect Real Time)
Template	Mouse Liver total RNA (2 pg - 2 µg) or sterilized water
Reaction volume:	20 μ
Primer:	RT Primer Mix
Reaction conditions:	Conditions recommended by each kit
Real-Time PCR	
Reagent:	SYBR® <i>Premix Ex Taq</i> (Perfect Real Time) (Cat. #RR041A)
Template:	Reverse-transcription reaction solution, 2 μ l each
Reaction volume:	25 μΙ
Target gene:	Mouse <i>Rsp</i> 18
Reaction conditions:	Thermal Cycler Dice Real Time System standard protocol

[Results]



RR037A ; PrimeScript RT reagent Kit (\bigcirc) RR047A ; PrimeScript RT reagent Kit with gDNA Eraser (\Box)

Reagent	R2	Amplification Efficiency (%)	Standard Curve
RR037A	1.000	95.9	$Y = -3.425 \times LOG(X) + 43.05$
RR047A	0.999	95.7	$Y = -3.429 \times LOG(X) + 42.94$

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X. Appendix

1. Preparation of RNA Samples

It is important to use highly pure RNA samples for better cDNA yield. It is essential to inhibit contaminant RNase activity in RNA preparations, and also to prevent RNase derived from equipment and solutions used. Extra precautions should be taken during sample preparation, including use of clean disposable gloves and a table used exclusively for RNA preparation, and avoiding RNase contamination from operator sweat or saliva.

A. Equipment

Disposable plastic equipment should be used. Glass tools should be treated with the following procedure prior to use.

- (1) Hot-air sterilization (180°C, 60 min.)
- (2) Sterilize glassware in 0.1% diethyl pyrocarbonate (DEPC) solution at 37°C for 12 hours and then autoclave (120°C, 30 min.) to remove any residual DEPC.

It is recommended that all the equipment be used exclusively for RNA preparation.

B. Reagents

All reagents to be used in this experiment must be prepared using tools which were treated as described (Hot-air sterilization (180°C, 60 min.) or DEPC treatment), and all distilled water must be treated with 0.1% DEPC and autoclaved. All reagents and distilled water should be used exclusively for RNA experiments.

C. Method of Preparation for RNA Samples

Use of highly purified RNA obtained by GTC (Guanidine thiocyanate) or other comparable method is recommended. RNA isolation kits such as RNAiso Plus (Cat. #9108/9109) can also be used for isolating high purity total RNA. The purified RNA sample should be dissolved in sterilized distilled water or sterilized TE buffer.

XI. Related Products

PrimeScript[™] RT reagent Kit with gDNA Eraser (Perfect Real Time) (Cat. #RR047A/B) SYBR® *Premix Ex Taq*[™] II (Tli RNaseH Plus) (Cat. #RR820A) SYBR® *Premix Ex Taq*[™] (Tli RNaseH Plus) (Cat. #RR420A) *Premix Ex Taq*[™] (Probe qPCR) (Cat. #RR390A) EASY Dilution (for Real Time PCR) (Cat. #9160) Thermal Cycler Dice[™] Real Time System // (Cat. #TP900/TP960)*1 PrimeScript[™] RT reagent Kit (Perfect Real Time) (Cat. #RR037A/B) PrimeScript[™] RT Master Mix (Perfect Real Time) (Cat. #RR036A) RNAiso Plus (Cat. #9108/9109)*2

- * 1: Not available for sale in the U.S. or Europe.
- * 2: Not available for sale in Europe.



NOTICE TO PURCHASER: LIMITED LICENSE

[M78] gDNA Eraser

This product is the subject of the pending JP patent application.

NOTE : This product is for research use only. It is not intended for use in therapeutic or diagnostic procedures for humans or animals. Also, do not use this product as food, cosmetic, or household item, etc.

Takara products may not be resold or transferred, modified for resale or transfer, or used to manufacture commercial products without written approval from TAKARA BIO INC.

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